

Village Visit Presentation 2019 Village: Velichala, Ramadugu Mandal, Karimnagar District

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Objective of the Village Visit

Grass root level Governance frameworks PARTNERSHIP

> Deeper and holistic Perspective on village life as administators: PEOPLE



Step 1: Transect Walk

To understand the status of the village

Participated by Gram Panchayat officials, Anganwadi workers

Interaction with community

Observations made regarding concerns prevailing in the village

Step 1. Transect Walk



VISIT TO ZILA PARISHAD HIGH SCHOOL

CELEBRATING BATHUKUMMA WITH VILLAGE COMMUNITY: DEVELOPING BONHOMIE

INTERACTIONS WITH ANGANWADI WORKERS

UNDERSTANDING HOUSEHOLDS TYPES AND ASSETS

INTERACTIONS WITH UNEMPLOYED INDIVIDUALS

INTERACTIONS WITH ANGANWADI WORKERS



VISITING COMMUNITY HALLS

UNDERSTANDING CONDITION OF ROADS

VISITING PRIMARY HEALTH SUB CENTRE

Step 2: Village at a Glance Report of Velichala (in lieu of Baseline Study)

Step 2: Village at a Glance Report

Geography:-

- Total area: 3520 Acres
- Altitude: 293 meters. above Sea level
- Climate: Monsoonal
- Plain Area except few small hills
- Red & Black Soil
- Vegetation: moist deciduous, dry deciduous and tropical thorn type

Occupational structure:-

- Majorly Agrarian
- Daily wage labourer households (54%)
- Agricultural labourer households (36%)
- Own agriculture households (18%)

Step 2: Village at a Glance Report

Financial profile of GP (FY 2019-20)

• 14th FC Grants: Rs. 11.32 lakh

- SFC Grants: Rs. 31.06 lakh
- GP Fund: Rs. 54.29 lakh
- Tax collections: Rs 51000, Non Tax collections: Rs. 21000
- Taxable households: 87.6%

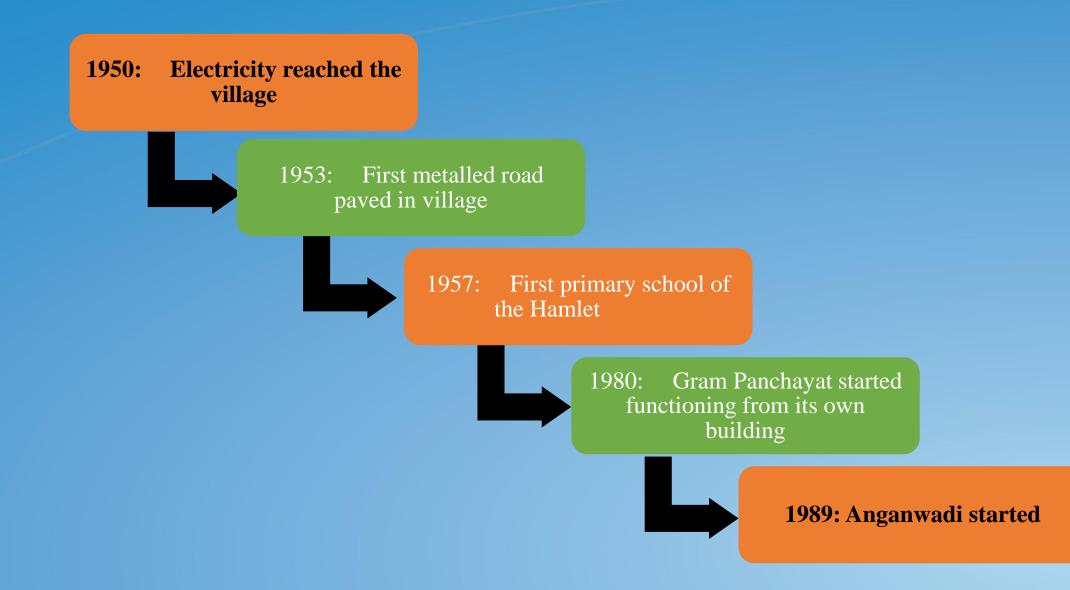
Economic Infrastructure

- Households with **Tap connections: 78.5%**
- Cell towers: 2, Street lights: 557, all LED
- Roads: 12500 m, 64% CC roads, 24% BT Road, 12% Metal Road, no Kachha road
- Open wells: 3, Handpumps: 45, 82% functional
- Bank account coverage: 50%, Aadhaar card coverage: 85%

Step 2: Village at a Glance Report

Social Infrastructure

- Education: 1 ZP High School, 3 primary schools, 1 Pharmacy college
- Anganwadi: 4, 1 without building
- Health Sub centre: 1
- Caste based community centres



1992: First Private school started functioning

1993: First Self Help Group(SHG)

> 1995: First Primary Health Sub centre

> > 1997: Village started receiving Piped water supply

2008: Banking correspondent and **Bank Mitra** 2009: Cotton Ginning mill started functioning. 2014: 3 more water tanks 2015: RO plant installed in the village

2016: New Gram Panchayat Bhawan constructed. Declared ODF village.



2017: Complete CCTV coverage of village



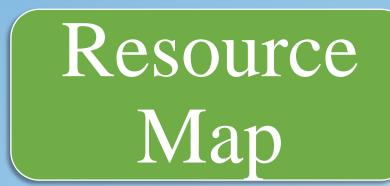
2018: Awarded Deen Dayal Upadhayay Panchayat Sashaktikaran Puraskar by MoPR

Step 3: Social Mapping and Resource Mapping



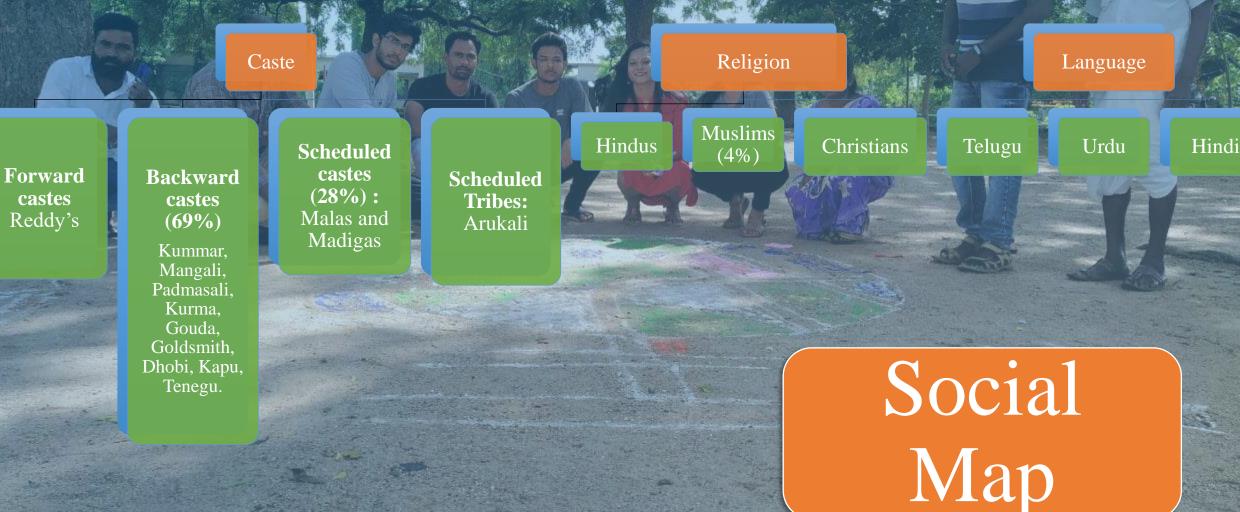




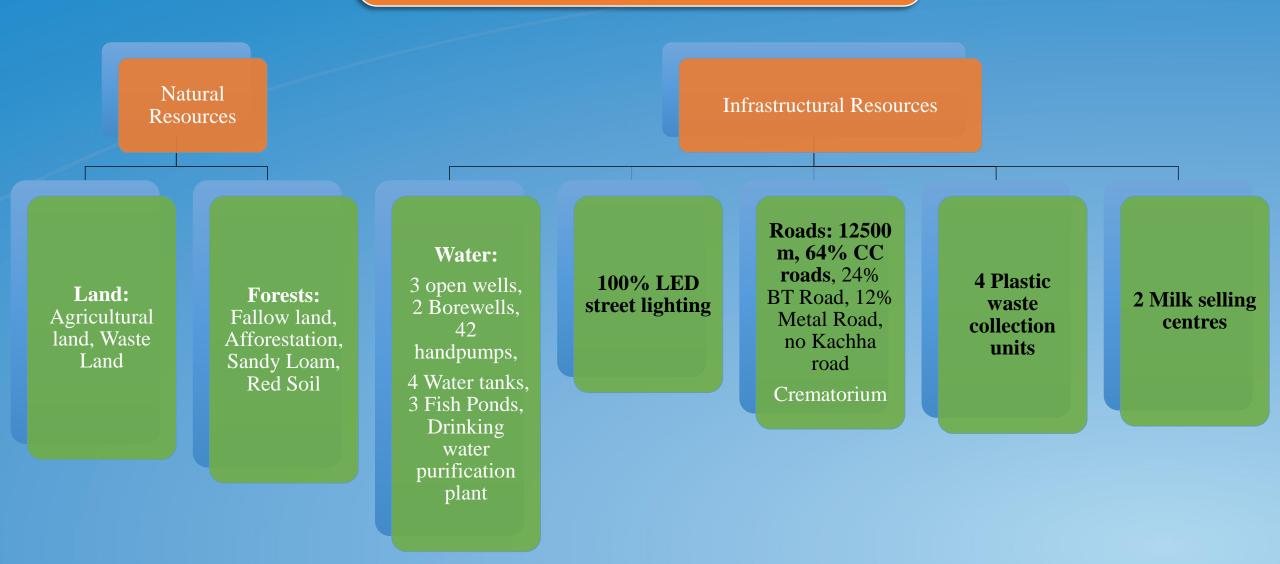


Total population is 4814 (Males: 2442,, Females: 2362, Transgenders: 10) . Households: 1514

2 Hamlets: Kishtaraopally and Guddelugulapally



Resource Map



Resource Map



Current Status and Challenges

Step 4: Situation Analysis and Village Action Plan

Sectoral mapping of SDGs

Proposed Action Plan





Sector 1: Health: Current Status

Infrastructure

- Health Sub-Centre in Velichalaa, PHC in Ramadugu at block level
- 2 sanctioned posts of ANM in the sub-centre:1, presently posted and 1, lying vacant.
- Immunization survey carried out by CHO (Block level) and ASHA workers (including ANM) regularly on every Wednesday and Saturday
- Latest Survey by State Govt. carried out (26th August to 12th September) on certain diseases like Leprosy, TB etc.

Health profile

- Diseases are seasonal among the villagers, currently viral fever is most common
- Currently, no cases of dengue and malaria: water channels cleaned once in every 7-10 days by village workers
- Vital statistics details from April 18 to March 19 below:

No. of Births	No. of Deaths	No. of female infants deaths(0-1 year)	No. of male infants deaths(0-1 year)
75	39	1	0



Sector 1: Health : Current Status

- As per NRHM implementation, Household survey is conducted in the village. Village Health, Nutrition and Sanitation Committee(VHNC) is constituted in the village which conducts meetings monthly, TB meeting is conducted once in a month, Citizen's Charter was also present outside the Sub-Centre.
- Some basic information about availability of basic amenities and facilities are:

'Swasthya Divas ' observed in the village every 1 st day of the month.	Drugs are available for common health problems like viral fever, malaria and diarrhea.	Doctor is available in Main Centre and visits village once monthly
Patient transportation	Villagers well aware of	Untied fund for PHC and
system (PTS) is available	AIDS(5-6 cases), leprosy	Sanitation fund under
for emergency patients	(single case was detected	NRHM for Gram
such as 108 for ambulance	recently) and drugs are	Panchayat is granted for
service and 102 for	available for treatment of	meeting contingent
pregnant woman cases.	leprosy in the PHC.	expenses.



Sector 1: Health : Current Status

As per latest data collected, 100% children immunized w.r.t DPT booster injection(0-5 years), TD vaccine(>10 years).

Out of 45 Pregnant woman, delivery of 27 has been done

715 eligible couples have adopted family planning method and Tubectomy/Vasectomy is the most common family planning method (547 Couples). 168 non-users

Health camp is organized in the village seasonally.

Pregnant ladies given protein food - egg, milk, dal. : Aarogya Lakshmi (through SHG's)

Total 4 ASHA workers are working in the village currently, recruited under certain qualifications: also provide emergency services to pregnant women beyond working hours, have to go for meetings at Block HQ, ASHA day is also observed on **1**st **Tuesday of every month** to check their credibility.



Sector 1: Health : Current Status



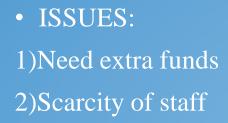






Visit to AIDS and Palliative care center "Prashantha Bhawan"

- Run by NGO since 2006 with zero funds from government side, only Catholic Society relief funds.
- 40 HIV affected children. Nutritious food and Education given till 10th std.
- Palliative care for AIDS and Cancer patients are taken separate for boys and girls.
- 4-5 districts of the surrounding area use this facility. Main center Guntur.
- Conduct Awareness programmes and diagnostic tests for most vulnerable sections of society with assistance of medical personnel and village health centre.







Sector 1: Health: Challenges and Action Plan

Problem of C-section delivery is prevalent in the village

• GP Campaign to increase village awareness regarding harmful effects of unnecessary C-Section delivery in private hospitals and encouraging natural delivery in government hospitals of district

Some ASHA workers have completed many years of services and working as 2nd ANM, yet working on contract basis, lack of job security

• Increasing remuneration or providing more secure working conditions for ASHA workers

Issues of leprosy and HIV incidence

• Continuous effort to tackle them with appropriate funds and functionaries

1 NO POVERTY

Sector 2: Poverty Alleviation : Current Status of MGNREGA

MGNREGA: an enabler for this agrarian village

- Village significantly assisted by MGNREGA scheme from 2006: no. of workers has risen from 100 in 2006 to 219 in 2019
- 80% workers female, 510 job cards have been issued, there is discrepancy between job cards issued and workers available.
- Construction involves Farm ponds, Fish ponds, Feeder channels, Toilets in the Govt. Schools, Soak pits for both individual Family(magic soak pit) and community.
- Wages vary from 190 to 210 rupees per day depending upon the type of work.
- In certain cases where state govt. identifies Karumandal (drought affected) Blocks, 100 days extended to 150 days from state assistance.
- Geo-tagging and pictures are recorded for the construction before, during and after work.
- No discrepancy in wages is seen between male and female workers(Gender neutrality)









Sector 2: Poverty Alleviation : SDG Action Plan : proper implementation of 30 Day Action Plan of Telangana Government

Activities being done under Sanitation, Greenery and Electricity

- Demolishing old and dilapidated houses and animal sheds
- Covering all the unused borewells and filling up the low-lying areas
- to prevent water stagnation.
- Cleaning of all schools,
- government buildings and roads: wild and unwanted vegetation being removed.
- Fine of Rs 500 will be levied on those dumping garbage on roads and in public places.
- The village bodies will prepare a green plan to undertake plantation of saplings.
- Seven days exclusively meant for electricity related issues
 rectifying and replacing the twisted electricity poles and removing
 hanging electricity wires, wooden and iron poles being replaced
 with those of cement.

AREAS	No. of sites	Total plantation
Institutions	1	100
Community	4	4000
Tank Bund	5	3141
Field Borders	4	1500
Avenue Plantation	4	1600



1 NO POVERTY

30 day action Plan in Velichala







30 day Action Plan in Velichala





Sector 3: Women empowerment through5Self Help Groups: Current Status

GENDER EOUALITY

SHG groups: an enabler for poverty alleviation and women empowerment

- 90 SHGs. 10-15 members
- Type of work
 - Stitching work
 - Chicken work
 - Work of paper plates and glasses
 - Bangle work
- Advantages
 - Self employment
 - Better Standard of living
 - Poverty alleviation
 - Self reliance



Sector 3: Women empowerment through Self Help Groups: Current Status





1 NO POVERTY **Ĩ**ŧ**Ŷ**

PLASTIC

UNIT

Sector 4: Sanitation: Current Status

- Soak pits(Individual and community level)
 - Water recharge and filter unit (12)
- Solid waste management: Plastic waste collection units(4), Dustbins along • roadside (at the distance of every 100 yards)
- Mode of lifting of waste: Tricyle (5), Tractor (0), Bulllock carts(0) for distance of

2 km

- Avenue plantation
- Declared ODF village
 - Drain cleaning
- Efforts towards making the village plastic free





MAGIC SOAK PIT



Sector 4: Sanitation: Challenges and Action Plan

Mission Bhagirath still to be properly implemented

• Identifying measurable SDG based indicators for proper implementation of Mission Bhagirath based on Telangana's scheme wise mapping of SDGs

Challenge of going from ODF to ODF+

• GP capacity building to prepare ODF+ Plan for the village



Sector 5: Agriculture and Livestock: Current Status



- Soil type: Red and black soil
- Major crops: Cotton, Paddy, Maize, Red Gram
- Under Rayathu Bandhu scheme farmers are getting Rs. 5000/acre per season as a farm investment support for Ravi and kharif season.
 - Some instances of Organic farming.
 - No agent between farmer and market.
 - No instance of sericulture, only horticulture is there.
 - Veterinary doctor at mandal level.
- 'Gopala Mitra' is there to visit the villages and provide health services to the cattle.
 - High Milk production but lack of proper market.



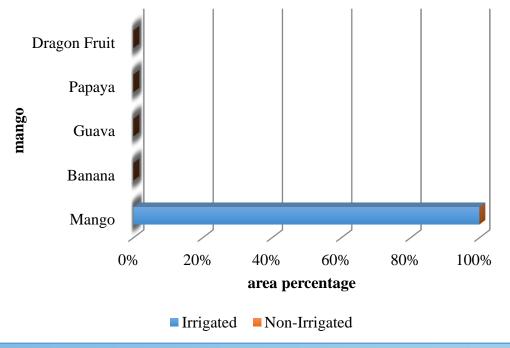


Sector 5: Agriculture and Livestock: Current Status



Irrigated and Non-Irrigated Area (Kharif 2019-20) Red-gram Cotton field crop Maize Green-gram Paddy 0% 20% 80% 100% 40% 60% area percentage Irrigated Non-Irrigated

Irrigated and Non-Irrigated Area(Kharif 2019-20)





ZERO HUNGER **Sector 5: Agriculture and Livestock: Challenges and Action Plan** Irrigated and Non-Irrigated Area(Kharif 2019-20) Mulberry **Ridge Gourd** Leafy Vegetable **Cattle Population** Green Chilli vegetable Cluster bean 6% Brinjal **Bottle Gourd** 0% 14% Bitter gourd 9% 3% Okra Tomato 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% area percentage 68% Irrigated Non-Irrigated RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

13 CLIMATE ACTION

COWS

■ Sheep

Goats

Hens

Others

Buffaloes

2 ZERO HUNGER	Sector 5: Agriculture and Livestock: Challenges and Action Plan					
Due to lack of irrigation facility farmers are forced to hire water tankers.		• Localized SDG mapping of Mission Kakatiya and Mission Kaleshwaram				
Lack of Micro irrigation technique like Drip irrigation			12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION			
Five ponds and two tanks which were constructed under Mission Kakatiya are now filled with bushes.			CO			
Rain water harvesting is not there.		• GP Campaign to encourage wilful adoption of rainwater harvest and common storage near the field on lines of Paani Foundation Maharashtra				
Animals taken to veterinary doctor in district		Intervention of footless veterinary doctor				
Marginal land holdings e-NAM missing		• Encouraging agricultural cooperatives and farmer producer organisations based on NABARD and SERP model for better marketing and insurance and making agricultural remunerative				
						Insurance benefits missing







Way forward for Action Plan: Localizing Kaleshwaram Project's impact on the village

- World's largest Multistage Multipurpose Lift irrigation project on Godavari.
- Total canal network length approx 1832 kms of which 1531 kms are gravity canals and 203 kms comprise water tunnels.
- Designed to irrigate 45 lakh acres for two crops in a year.
- It will not only meet the drinking water requirement of 70% of the state but would also cater to needs of the industry.
- The govt is planning to lift 2 TMC feet of Godavari water per day from Medigadda barrage.
- World's largest underground pumphouse with 20 pumps each of 139MW capacity.
- Largest pumping facility 'Bahubali' at Ramadugu.







Sector 6: Panchayati Raj Institutions: Current Status

• Members: Male = 6, Female = 6 (5 + Sarpanch)

- Greenery around the building
- Separate offices of Sarpanch, secretary, etc. • One big hall
- Number of meetings held during last one year- 12
- Our team participated in the Gram Sabha held on 2 Oct. 2019
- Issues discussed in the Gram Sabha : Liquor ban, Plastic ban
 Extra Activities : Felicitation of the workers in the Gram Panchayat, discussion on the thoughts of the Mahatma

Gandhi



शताब्दी

Adilabad Zilla Parishad <u>Mandal Parishads</u> Siddipet & Srirampur <u>Village Panchayats</u> Mushtipalli, Irkodu, Gantla Valli, Velichala Nanaji Deshmukh Rashtriya Gourav Gram Sabha Duddenapalli Panchayat Saidapur Mandal, Karimnagar Dist.









Sector 7: Education: Current Status

• 3 Primary schools: 1 without kitchen shed • 1 Zila Parishad High School : 136 students (6th to 10th), 9 teachers, 4 non-teaching staff Infrastructure • 1 Pharmacy College • 2 Private schools upto class 12: 520 students, 18 teachers, 27 non-teaching staff, digital class • Proper Gender wise toilet facilities • Children in age group of 0-15: 1071, 22% of population • People in age group of 15-25: 939 • 33% population of village illiterate Education • 249 students in Class 5, 606 students in Class 10, 234 in Class profile 12 • 176 students in 3rd year college • 44 studying PG, 106 completed - - majority studying engineering and B.Ed.



Learning Outcomes Assessment of Zila Parishad High School students

Conducted Preliminary ASER Test of bunch of 14-15 students of Zila Parishad High School

• Findings:

- Good competency(Level 4 to 5) in Math skills (Level 5: can perform three digit by one digit division)
- Proficient in Telugu reading skills (Level 5: can read and understand long paragraph of Standard 2 text)
- Issues in English reading skills (Level 3 i.e. comfortable in reading short paragraph of standard 2)

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Sector 7: Education: Challenges and Action Plan

Scarcity of teachers of social sciences in ZPHS	 Recruiting appropriate teachers of humanities
Low ICT usage: Digital classes in ZPHS have only projectors, no access to computers	 Making ICT usage more fruitful, providing computers and teaching internet use on a smart phone cost effectively in senior classes
Too many MBAs, MCAs, Btechs, polytechnic diploma holders	 Generating interest of students to pursue career in sports, ECA, humanities
Low English reading skills in ZPHS	 Ensuring use of innovative and cost-effective teaching aids for English teaching
Scope for more observation given that schools were closed on account of Bathukumma	

SCHOOL TOILET BUILT UNDER MGNREGA

CHEMISTRY LAB IN ZPHS





INTERACTIONS WITH STUDENTS OF ZPHS





OBSERVING PRIVATE SCHOOL INFRASTRUCTURE

OBSERVING GOVERNMENT BASED ZPHS INFRASTRUCTURE

Way forward for SDG based Village Action Plan

Training of Gram Panchayat employees and beneficiaries about Central and State Government schemes and their convergence: CONVERGENCE OF MULTIPLE SCHEMES TO A SDG RATHER THAN MULTIPLE SDGs to a SCHEME

SDG Monitoring of Village based on monitoring framework for indicators being developed by Telangana State Development Planning Society (TSDPS): involving village children in the same

Creating a SDG based Gram Panchayat profile online and encouraging campaign based competition amongst nearby villages, Village to Village Linkage Program SDG based Budgeting: mapping budget estimates of Village with each indicator of SDG: prior to that, ensuring proper budgeting plans at Village level uploaded online

